Third Grade Curriculum Handbook



Midland Public Schools
Inspiring Excellence





Mission Statement

The Midland Public Schools, in partnership with our community, prepares students as knowledgeable, self-reliant, cooperative and ethical learners who are contributing citizens.

Vision Statement

Midland Public Schools provides a dynamic world class education that develops the unique talents of all students in a safe, secure and healthy environment.

- We commit ourselves to world class standards for student performance.
- We are agile and flexible so that we are able to adapt to new challenges and opportunities in this rapidly changing world.
- We are strong and financially stable. To sustain the organization, we effectively and efficiently use new and existing resources.
- We are effective partners with families, businesses and higher education, collaborating with diverse organizations to promote student success.

Welcome to Midland Public Schools

The Midland Public Schools is a school district that works together to provide a challenging, inquiry-based education that encourages all stakeholders to be internationally minded, lifelong learners who positively impact the world.

This handbook provides you with grade level information about the Midland Public Schools (K-5) curriculum. Our curriculum was developed using the Michigan Academic Standards. Written progress of achievement will be reported four times per year: November, January, April and June. Conferences are available in the fall and the spring to provide an opportunity to discuss your child's progress and an explanation of specific classroom learning. Progress reports and conferences are one of many ways through which we communicate your child's growth and learning. They provide information about areas of the curriculum assessed during a given period, including feedback about your child's successes in school, as well as areas for growth and improvement as we continue to reflect on the teaching-learning cycle within Midland Public Schools. Midland Public Schools' elementary assessment policy can be found at:

https://www.midlandps.org/pyp-policies

The International Baccalaureate (IB) - Primary Years Programme (PYP)

The Midland Public Schools follows the Primary Years Programme of the International Baccalaureate from preschool through grade five. The Primary Years Programme is a framework used with MPS curriculum. This research-based program allows for the integration of broad areas of knowledge through the development of curriculum which students find relevant, engaging, significant, and challenging. Learning, through inquiry and action, is the focus of the entire elementary school community. Using the Primary Years Programme framework, students are actively involved in their learning through an understanding of their own identity and are culturally aware, with the purpose of becoming responsible local, national and world citizens.

The PYP consists of five essential elements to guide student learning. These five essential elements are:

- Approaches to Teaching which is both disciplinary, represented by traditional subject areas (language, math, science, social studies, arts, PSPE) and transdisciplinary
- **Concepts** which students explore through structured inquiry in order to develop coherent, in-depth understanding, and which have relevance both within and beyond subject areas
- Approaches to Learning which are the broad capabilities students develop and apply during learning and in life beyond the classroom
- Attitudes which contribute to international-mindedness and the wellbeing of individuals and learning communities, and connect directly to the <u>IB learner profile</u>
- **Action** which is an expectation in the PYP that successful inquiry leads to responsible, thoughtful and -appropriate action.

Taken from http://www.ibo.org/en/programmes/primary-years-programme/curriculum/written-curriculum/

The IB Primary Years Programme focuses on the development of the whole child as an inquirer, both in school and in the world around them. The program uses structured, purposeful inquiry to gain more knowledge and a deeper understanding of content. Students study units of inquiry, which are organized by six transdisciplinary themes. They are:

- Who We Are: An inquiry into the nature of the self; beliefs and values; personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; rights and responsibilities; what it means to be human.
- Where We Are in Place and Time: An inquiry into orientation in place and time; personal histories; homes and journeys; the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind; the relationships between and the interconnectedness of individuals and civilizations, from local and global perspectives.
- How We Express Ourselves: An inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic.
- How the World Works: An inquiry into the natural world and its laws; the interaction between the natural
 world (physical and biological) and human societies; how humans use their understanding of scientific
 principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the environment.
- **How We Organize Ourselves:** An inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment.
- Sharing the Planet: An inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.

From International Baccalaureate document Making the PYP Happen: A Curriculum Framework for the International Primary Education, 2009

More information about the Primary Years Programme can be found at:

http://www.ibo.org/en/programmes/primary-years-programme/

IB Learner Profile

The aim of all IB programmes is to develop internationally minded people who, recognizing their common humanity and shared guardianship of the planet, help to create a better and more peaceful world. – IB learner profile statement

The learner profile is the heart of the PYP, and it defines a set of attributes for students to show they are developing life-long learning and inquiry skills, and that they are aware of and sensitive to the experiences of others. The attributes described in the IB learner profile are appropriate to, and achievable by, all elementary students.

IB learners strive to be:

- **Inquirers**: They develop their natural curiosity. They acquire the skills necessary to conduct inquiry and research and show independence in learning. They actively enjoy learning and this love of learning will be sustained throughout their lives.
- **Knowledgeable:** They explore concepts, ideas and issues that have local and global significance. In so doing, they acquire in-depth knowledge and develop understanding across a broad and balanced range of disciplines.
- **Thinkers:** They exercise initiative in applying thinking skills critically and creatively to recognize and approach complex problems, and make reasoned, ethical decisions.
- **Communicators:** They understand and express ideas and information confidently and creatively in more than one language and in a variety of modes of communication. They work effectively and willingly in collaboration with others.
- **Principled:** They act with integrity and honesty, with a strong sense of fairness, justice and respect for the dignity of the individual, groups and communities. They take responsibility for their own actions and the -consequences that accompany them.
- **Open-minded:** They understand and appreciate their own cultures and personal histories, and are open to the perspectives, values and traditions of other individuals and communities. They are accustomed to seeking and evaluating a range of points of view, and are willing to grow from the experience.
- Caring: They show empathy, compassion and respect towards the needs and feelings of others. They have a personal commitment to service, and act to make a positive difference to the lives of others and to the environment.
- **Risk-takers:** They approach unfamiliar situations and uncertainty with courage and forethought, and have the independence of spirit to explore new roles, ideas and strategies. They are brave and articulate in defending their beliefs.
- **Balanced:** They understand the importance of intellectual, physical and emotional balance to achieve personal well-being for themselves and others.
- **Reflective:** They give thoughtful consideration to their own learning and experience. They are able to assess and understand their strengths and limitations in order to support their learning and personal development.

From International Baccalaureate document *Making the PYP Happen: A Curriculum Framework for the International Primary Education*, 2009

Progress Report

Approaches to Learning

Approaches to Learning are a set of strategies and skills that promote inquiry and learning across all subject areas. Development of these skills supports life-long learning and assists students in learning and succeeding inside and outside of the school setting.

Indicators for Approaches to Learning

Extending (EXT)	Exceeds expectations
Achieving (ACH)	Consistently and independently meets expectations
Developing (DEV)	Inconsistently and/or with reminders progressing toward expectations
Limited Development (LIM)	Does not yet exhibit the expected behaviors

Thinking Skills:

- Acquires knowledge: Recalls knowledge over time
- Understands, applies and analyzes over time: Understands what is read or taught, uses knowledge in new situations, compares and contrasts; makes connections
- Synthesizes learning: Creates, designs, and/or invents
- Evaluates and reflects: Expresses and defends an opinion and reflects on one's own learning

Social Skills:

- Accepts responsibility: Takes responsibility within the school community
- Respects others: Respects the thoughts, feelings and beliefs of others
- Cooperates: Works together by being courteous, shares and takes turns
- Resolves conflict: Accepts responsibility, compromises, is fair

Communication Skills:

- **Listening:** Listens to directions, listens to others, listens to information
- Speaking: Speaks clearly; states an opinion
- Presentation skills: Shares learning and information in a group setting
- Non-verbal communication: Interprets and uses effectively modes of non-verbal communication

Self-Management Skills:

- Organization: Plans and carries out activities effectively
- Time management: Uses time effectively and appropriately
- Codes of behavior: Follows all school essential agreements

Research Skills:

- **Formulates questions:** Asks questions; is curious about finding out more about something that can be researched
- Observes, collects, and records information: Uses all senses to learn new things; notices relevant details; gathers information; describes and records using pictures and words
- Interprets data: Draws conclusions from information

Academic Indicators for the Progress Report:

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Extending (EXT)	Exceeds expectations
Achieving (ACH)	Consistently and independently meets expectations
Developing (DEV)	Inconsistently and/or with reminders progressing toward expectations
Limited Development (LIM)	Learner is showing little or no progress
In Progress (IP)	Currently being taught
Not Assessed (NA)	Not assessed during this marking period

Literacy

Reading, writing, word study, listening, speaking, viewing, presenting, and literature are included in literacy instruction in all grades. Although each subject may be taught separately at times, they are integrated for learning and mutually reinforced across the curriculum.

Reading

Reading is the process of constructing meaning from written language. Third graders will be expected to read both literature and informational text. Children will use the foundational skills and strategies introduced in previous grades to read fluently at grade level.

- 1. Constructs meaning from literature
 - Demonstrates understanding of key elements and details (characters, setting, theme, plot, mood, point of view)
 - Summarizes and recounts literature
 - Uses a variety of reading strategies to unlock meaning
 - Uses text structure and features to enhance comprehension
 - Reads and comprehends a variety of grade level literary genres
- 2. Constructs meaning from informational text
 - Determines and supports main idea through key details
 - Compares and contrasts multiple texts on the same topic
 - Uses a variety of reading strategies to unlock meaning
 - Uses text structure and features to enhance comprehension
 - Reads and comprehends a variety of grade level informational texts
- 3. Demonstrates foundational skills
 - Knows and applies grade level phonics
 - Decodes multi-syllable words
 - Reads with grade level accuracy and fluency

Writing

Writing is an essential form of communication. It is used across the curriculum. One way to foster development in writing is through the writing process. The writing process consists of prewriting, writing, revising, editing, and publishing. Children will be encouraged to write in a variety of genres using the 6+1 Traits of Writing (ideas, organization, word choice, sentence fluency, voice, conventions, and presentation).

Students will be assessed in the following areas:

- 1. Demonstrates knowledge and skills in narrative writing
 - Uses grade level 6+1 Traits of Writing skills
 - Conveys a message in a variety of narrative genres (personal narrative, fiction, poetry)
 - Uses appropriate story structures
 - Develops characters and/or narrator
 - Uses a variety of literary devices and figurative language

- 2. Demonstrates knowledge and skills in informational writing
 - Uses grade level 6+1 Traits of Writing skills
 - Introduces and develops a topic
 - Provides a conclusion
- 3. Demonstrates knowledge and skills in opinion writing
 - Uses grade level 6+1 Traits of Writing skills
 - States and supports a clear opinion
 - Provides a conclusion
- 4. Uses writing process and collaboration
 - Chooses a topic
 - Organizes ideas in a logical sequence
 - Uses linking words and phrases to make transitions in writing
 - Includes details to enhance meaning
 - Revises for content
 - Edits for grammar, punctuation, and spelling
 - Considers audience when writing
 - Collaborates with teacher and peers during the writing process

Fine Motor Skills

- Demonstrates fine motor skills
- Demonstrates fluency while writing cursive
- Accurately forms letters of the cursive alphabet

Mathematics

Mathematics is the science of patterns and relationships. It is the language and logic of our technological world. Mathematical power is the ability to explore, to imagine, to reason logically and to use a variety of mathematical methods to solve problems—all important tools for children's futures. A mathematically powerful person should be in the process of developing the following Standards for Mathematical Practice:

- 1. Make sense of problems and perseverance in solving them
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others
- 4. Model with mathematics
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically
- 6. Attend to precision
- 7. Look for and make use of structure
- 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning

Students will be assessed in the following areas:

- 1. Uses place value understanding to round and estimate
 - Uses place value understanding to round whole numbers to the nearest 10 or 100
- 2. Uses place value understanding to add and subtract with regrouping
 - Uses place value understanding to add and subtract within 1000
- 3. Solves problems and explains patterns in arithmetic
 - Solves multiple step word problems using the addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division
 - Represents problems using equations
 - Assesses the reasonableness of answers
- 4. Understands properties of multiplication and relationship between multiplication and division
 - Understands the relationship between multiplication and division
 - Applies knowledge of fact families to solve problems
- 5. Knows products and related quotients through 100
 - Fluently recalls all products up to 10 x 10
 - Fluently recalls all related quotients up to 10 x 10
- 6. Reasons with shapes and their attributes
 - Recognizes basic elements of geometric objects (line segment, point, vertex, perpendicular, parallel lines)
 - Names and explores geometric shapes and their component parts (angles, sides, vertices, line segments)
 - Categorizes geometric shapes based on their attributes
- 7. Understands and measures area and perimeter
 - Accurately finds the perimeter of a variety of shapes
 - Measures area by counting square units
 - Calculates area using addition and multiplication strategies
- 8. Solves problems involving measurement and estimation of time, liquid volume, mass, and length/distance
 - Measure and estimate using standard and metric measurements
 - Using standard measurement, measures to the nearest quarter inch
 - Tells and writes time to the nearest minute
 - Solves problems to the nearest minute
- 9. Demonstrates understanding of fractions
 - Understands that fractions are parts of a whole
 - Represents fractions on a number line
 - Compares fractions
 - Recognizes and generates equivalent fractions
- 10. Represents and interprets data
 - Creates scaled pictographs and bar graphs
 - Interprets data from pictographs and bar graphs

Science

Students will be given opportunities to discover, reinforce, and apply scientific concepts. Concepts are determined by the Michigan Academic Standards. The engineering design process will be applied and extended through the use of Project Lead the Way modular units and grade level units.

- 1. Demonstrates an understanding of Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Science
- 2. Demonstrates an understanding of Life Science
- 3. Demonstrates an understanding of Earth and Space Science
- 4. Demonstrates an understanding of Physical Science

Project Lead the Way

Project Lead the Way is the STEM Curriculum for Midland Public Schools. Each grade level engages in four interdisciplinary units in the areas of life science, physical science, earth and space science, technology and engineering. The units are designed with compelling activities, projects, and problems that build upon each other and relates to the world around them.

Project Lead the Way Third Grade Modules:

- Stability and Motion: Science of Flight In this module, students learn about the forces involved in flight as well as Newton's Laws of Motion. They design, build, and test an experimental model glider to find out how air and other forces affect its flight. Students discover aeronautics alongside Angelina, Mylo, and Suzi and are inspired by the characters' desire to use their skills to help those in need. Students apply the design process to the problem of delivering aid to an area where supplies must be airlifted in and dropped to the ground from an aircraft.
- Stability and Motion: Forces and Interactions Students explore simple machines such as wheel and axles, levers, the inclined plane, and more. They investigate the effects of balanced and unbalanced forces on the motion of an object. Angelina, Mylo, and Suzi go on a field trip to the zoo and are faced with the design problem of how to rescue a trapped tiger. Students then apply their knowledge of forces and devise a way to rescue a heavy zoo animal while keeping it safe throughout the process.
- Variation of Traits Students investigate the differences between inherited genetic traits and traits learned or influenced by the environment. They explore the phenomena that offspring may express different traits than parents as they learn about dominant and recessive genes and also investigate how predicted outcomes compare to experimental results. Angelina, Mylo, and Suzi introduce the design problem when challenged to examine different traits found in three sets of seeds. Students then model how the gene for stem color is passed on and expressed among sample sets.
- **Programming Patterns** This module introduces students to the power of modularity and abstraction. Starting with computer-free activities and progressing to programming in a blocks-based language on a tablet, students learn how to think computationally about a problem. Angelina, Mylo, and Suzi set the stage for the design problem as they discuss their desire to create video games on their tablet. Students then create a tablet game using modular functions and branching logic.

Social Studies

The third grade theme for the Midland Public Schools' social studies program is Michigan history (beginnings to statehood). Students will focus on social studies knowledge (history, geography, civics, economics) concepts and skills. These concepts will be integrated across disciplines using multiple strategies and resources to foster students' ability to become responsible and participating citizens.

- 1. Understands the relationship between people and the environment
- 2. Understands the connections between causes and consequences
- 3. Understands how societies construct organizations and systems
- 4. Understands how geography and human experiences give a place its identity
- 5. Understands the role of public discourse, decision making, and citizen involvement
- 6. Understands the impact of economic activities

ART

Art instruction provides children with opportunities to focus on their natural ability to express their perceptions and create and appreciate the visual arts. Lessons and activities are designed to encourage the third grade child's creativity and self-expression. The art specialist and the classroom teacher work cooperatively to teach art skills which often enrich instruction in other curricular areas.

Students will be responsible for:

- showing originality
- respecting the work of others
- developing an appreciation for visual arts
- using supplies appropriately
- understanding purpose and use of materials and tools
- finishing projects independently
- creating art that has personal meaning
- acquiring a vocabulary to describe works of art
- applying introduced skills and techniques
- participating cooperatively as an individual
- participating cooperatively as a group member
- following directions

1. Shows cooperative behavior

- Ext Encourages others to follow directions, uses supplies appropriately and respects the work of others
- Ach Follows directions, uses supplies appropriately, respects the work of others
- Dev Follows directions, uses supplies appropriately, respects the work of others, with reminder
- NY Has difficulty following directions, respecting the work of others or using supplies appropriately
- 2. Acquiring skills in art techniques and concepts

- Ext Demonstrates self-motivation to expand concepts and techniques taught
- Ach Consistently demonstrates an understanding of concepts and techniques taught
- Dev Generally demonstrates an understanding of concepts and techniques taught
- NY Rarely demonstrates an understanding of concepts and techniques taught

GENERAL MUSIC

Music provides children opportunities for aesthetic expression and appreciation. The curriculum provides experience with listening, singing, movement and musical instruments.

The curriculum is designed to provide an awareness and knowledge of musical elements. The music specialist and the classroom teacher work cooperatively to complement other curricular areas and to develop a level of competence.

Students will be responsible for:

- matching pitch
- keeping a steady beat
- distinguishing between high low
- distinguishing between loud soft
- distinguishing between fast slow
- handling instruments with care and concern
- participating cooperatively in a group and individually
- demonstrating an echoed rhythmic pattern

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1. Shows cooperative behavior

- Ext Demonstrates to other students the proper techniques for the use of instruments, consistently serves as a positive role model for other students, encourages other students to follow directions and value vocal music, participates with an enthusiasm and maturity beyond his/her age
- Ach Shows care and concern for proper handling of instruments, works well with others, consistently follows directions, participates with enthusiasm
- Dev Demonstrates an understanding of the use of instruments, but does not always use good judgment, learning to work with other students, generally follows directions, participates
- NY Misuses instruments, mistreats other students, does not follow directions, does not participate

2. Acquiring pitch skills

- Ext Is able to exceed the grade level standard for pitch matching and can make proper adjustments to intonation errors
- Ach Is able to achieve the grade level standard for pitch matching
- Dev Shows an understanding of the challenges in pitch matching and is working toward achieving the grade level standard
- NY Is not yet able to match pitch and struggles in making progress toward this goal

3. Acquiring rhythm skills 10

- Is able to exceed the grade level standard for keeping a steady beat, and can make proper adjustments to tempo/pulse errors. May also indicate comfort with compound rhythmic figures and subdivisions beyond grade level standard
- Ach Is able to achieve the grade level standard for keep a steady beat and rhythmic subdivision
- Shows an understanding of the challenges in keeping a steady beat and is working toward achieving the grade level standard
- NY Is not yet able to keep a steady beat and struggles in making progress toward this goal

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Although gross motor skills are developed throughout the third grade program, they are a specific focus of the physical education program. The physical education teacher provides lessons and activities in which students participate in-group games and individual activities designed to further develop large and small muscle groups. Children are expected to follow the rules of the games, put forth effort, display good sportsmanship and work well with teammates. The physical education teacher will assess students based on skills such as:

- skipping
- galloping
- hopping
- jumping
- kicking
- throwing
- catching
- acquiring and maintaining physical fitness
- sustaining physical activity
- showing cooperative behavior
- following directions of the game/activity/instructor
- displaying good sportsmanship
- using equipment appropriately
- participating in physical activities
- fighting germs that prevent colds and flu
- building on previous knowledge concerning the negative effects of alcohol and inappropriate drugs
- learning the 5 food groups and the importance of a balanced diet

Acquiring gross motor skills

Ext	Demonstrates ability to use acquired gross motor skills while participating in games/team sports
Ach	Consistently demonstrates the ability to skip, gallop, hop, jump rope, kick and throw and catch
	correctly
Dev	Inconsistently demonstrates one or more of the following skills: skipping, galloping, hopping,
	jumping, throwing, catching, kicking
NY	Has not demonstrated one or more of the following skills: skipping, galloping, hopping, jumping,
	throwing, catching

Demonstrates body control

Ext Exceeds expectations in both effort and sustained gross motor skills

Ach Consistently completes sustained gross motor skills

Dev Inconsistently completes sustained gross motor skills

NY Tires easily during sustained gross motor skills

3. Shows cooperative behavior

Ext Exceeds expectations in following directions, displays good sportsmanship and uses equipment appropriately

Ach Follows directions, displays good sportsmanship and uses equipment appropriately

Dev Inconsistent in following directions, displaying good sportsmanship and/or using equipment appropriately

NY Has difficulty following directions, displays poor sportsmanship or misuses equipment

4. Participates

Ext	Participates with enthusiasm and exceeds expectations in efforts
Ach	Consistently involved in appropriate activities and displays appropriate effort
Dev	Inconsistently involved in appropriate activities and effort
N 13.7	

NY Refuses to join in physical activities or shows little or no effort

SPANISH

Children today learn a world language through an approach different from when their parents were in school. All world language instruction is presented in Spanish. Language acquisition and learning about a different culture is much improved when students are taught in the language through a fun, meaningful and functional approach. A young learner is more apt to make the most of learning a world language when pronunciation and flexibility in thinking skills (such as concept learning, problem solving, and critical and divergent thinking) can be developed over time.

The third grade Spanish program reinforces basic skill areas by offering children a range of experiences connecting with mathematics, global awareness, language arts, music, physical activities, technology, art and science.

Developing listening comprehension in third grade is a very important part of the communication process. Listening comprehension, speaking, storytelling and functional messages build the language base necessary for reading and writing. At this level, reading and writing continue through the whole language approach as well as through exposure to phonics and sight words. Listening, speaking, reading and writing are woven into instruction time throughout the year with one skill receiving more attention than others at various times.

Students will be responsible for:

- Using the Spanish alphabet and vowels for sound recognition
- Developing a Spanish dictionary
- Using charts, graphs and webs to help the learning process
- Naming, labeling, classifying, sorting, comparing, and describing pictures and objects
- Identifying days of the week, dates, months and seasons using a Hispanic culture calendar
- Enjoying literature, cultural activities and Hispanic music
- Using gestures and reciting traditional rhymes from the Hispanic culture
- Recognizing cognates

- 1. Demonstrates listening comprehension (follows directions, repeats and responds)
 - Ext Applies prior learning in new situation; follows verbal directions, repeats or responds consistently; responds accurately to verbal, total physical response or concrete clues; infers meaning by recognizing cognates, key words or phrases in limited unfamiliar contexts
 - Ach Follows verbal directions, repeats or responds; responds to simple verbal, total physical response or concrete clues; infers meaning by recognizing cognates, key words or phrases in familiar contexts
 - Dev Is able to follow, repeat, and respond occasionally to verbal directions; sometimes responds to simple verbal, physical response, or concrete clues; beginning to infer meaning by recognition of cognates, key words or phrases in familiar contexts
 - NY Is not able to follow, repeat or respond to verbal directions; is unable to respond to simple verbal, total physical response or concrete clues; is unable to infer meaning by recognition of cognates, key words or phrases in familiar contexts
- Uses content through speaking, reading, writing
 - Ext Produces words that correspond to objects, visuals, gestures and illustrations spontaneously; uses words and phrases independently; begins to apply learned structures to new situations in speaking or reading; writes with accuracy when copying written language and begins to use own spelling when writing on their own
 - Ach Produces words on familiar topics that correspond to objects, visuals, gestures and illustrations; imitates modeled words and phrases and uses them independently in speaking or reading; writes consistently with accuracy when copying written language
 - Dev Produces some words that correspond to objects, visuals, gestures or illustrations in speaking; imitates some modeled words and phrases in speaking or reading; writes with accuracy inconsistently when copying written language
 - NY Is not able to produce words that correspond to objects, visuals, gestures or illustrations; is unable to imitate modeled words and phrases in speaking or reading; is unable to write with accuracy when copying written language
- 3. Demonstrates Hispanic cultural awareness
 - Ext Demonstrates a solid understanding of Hispanic culture through re-enactment, written activity or authentic materials (i.e. music, food, literature, crafts); shows exemplary awareness of differences and similarities between the Hispanic and home cultures; independently applies cultural awareness
 - Ach Demonstrates a clear understanding of Hispanic culture through re-enactment, written activity or authentic materials (i.e. music, food, literature, crafts); is in the process of discriminating differences and similarities between the Hispanic and home cultures
 - Dev Hesitant, but occasionally demonstrates an understanding of Hispanic culture through reenactment, written activity or authentic materials (i.e. music, food, literature, crafts); is in the process of discriminating differences and similarities between the Hispanic and home cultures
 - NY Does not demonstrate an understanding of Hispanic culture through re-enactment, written activity or authentic materials (i.e. music, food, literature, crafts); cannot discriminate differences and similarities between the Hispanic and home cultures

4. Is a cooperative learner

Ext Serves as a positive role model for others, invites involvement of peers in the learning process, consistently demonstrates initiative, shows consistent enthusiasm in classroom activities

Ach Makes eye contact with speaker and is an engaged listener, often demonstrates initiative, attempts new activities once introduced, volunteers often, contributes appropriately in learning activities

Dev Inconsistently makes eye contact with speaker, is hesitant but occasionally tries new activities with assistance and/or encouragement, contributes to learning activities with prompting NY Rarely makes eye contact with speaker, seldom contributes to learning activities even

Rarely makes eye contact with speaker, seldom contributes to learning activities even with prompting, demonstrates uncooperative behaviors with teacher and classmates